

Errata and Addenda

Genealogical and Biographical Notes, Haring and related families

11/30/05

pp. 12-21 “The Haring Family Notebook and the family’s Origins in Hoorn, Holland”

A shorter version of this discussion was published as follows: Peter Haring Judd. “The Haring Family Notebook and the Origins of the Haring Family in Hoorn, Holland.” *Record*, 235 (July 2004) 169–173.

pp. 12-21 and pp. 22–23 re: JAN PIETERSEN¹ HARING

Since publication of these Genealogical and Biographical Notes of the Haring-Herring family, continued research by Firth Haring Fabend has added greatly to our knowledge of Jan Pietersen¹ Haring (JPH) and developed compelling evidence of his Hoorn origins. At her request, the archivist specializing in seventeenth-century records at the Westfries Archives in Hoorn, the Netherlands, has confirmed that he found a record dated May 25, 1680, at Hoorn when the notary, Cornelis Nopper, wrote a notarial deed. This deed concerned the inheritance of Ariaantje Claas, widow of Cornelis Pietersz Metselaar (bricklayer), a brother of “Jan Pietersz Haring, living in New Netherland who was one of the successors, brother of the deceased Cornelis Pietersz.” JPH was present in Hoorn for this transaction, evidently having returned for this purpose and later to return to New York where he died in 1683, prior to moving to the Tappan Patent with the group that he had helped organize. Firth Haring Fabend believes that this and other material she has found confirm that this was indeed the Jan, son of Pieter Janzen and wife Marytie Pieters living in Grootte Haversteeg, Hoorn, who was baptized there 18 December 1633. (The Haring Family Notebook gives the birth date as 26 December 1633, which may be a mistake for 16 December, two days prior to the recorded baptism.) Further research by Mrs. Fabend has identified the profession of Jan Pietersen¹ Haring as a wheelmaker as was that of his father-in-law, Cosyn Gerritsen). She has also identified JPH as acting with others, including a number of free Negroes, to purchase land in the Out-Ward of Manhattan, perhaps a cooperative scheme that preceded the organization of the Tappan patentees. In a forthcoming article (“The Hudson River Valley Review: A Journal of

Regional Studies," Hudson River Valley Institute at Marist College, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.) entitled "The Pro-Leislerian Dutch Farmers in Early New York: A 'Mad Rabble' or 'Gentlemen Standing Up for Their Rights,'" Mrs. Fabend has outlined the relationship between JPH, his son, Peter² Haring, and other of the Tappan patentees with supporters of Jacob Leisler, including the English-born Samuel Edsall. The article, which is a revised version of one of the same title published in "de Halve Maen," lxiii (March 1990), 1, pp. 7-10, points out that the Harings and others—people of property and commitment to public service—who supported Leisler could hardly have been characterized as "mad rabble" as English detractors did at the time in New York. A far richer and more detailed picture of JPH is emerging from this research which will be fully documented at a later date.^[1]

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re: Cornelia⁵ Jones add this obit. ref.: "At Plattsburg, N.Y, on the 18th ult. Mrs. Cornelia Smith, wife of Melancton Smith, esq., and daughter of Dr. Gardner Jones of this city."^[2]

re: John⁵ Jones add obit ref. "At Albany, on the 6th ins. Mr. John Jones, of the firm Arnold and Jones, and son of Dr. Gardner Jones of this city."^[3]

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Children of Mary⁶ Clark and John Samuel⁶ Haring are in the 7th generation.

p. 113–114 Children of Almaria Alston and George Titus Haring are in the 8th generation.

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Insert in reference to Clinton⁷ Haring the report of a shooting for which he was responsible, as reported in the *New York Times* (next page) I am indebted to Regina Haring of the Dutch Door Genealogy website for this reference.

Death of Clinton⁸ Haring noticed, *New York Times*, 2 December 1865, 4.

Friday, at 1 o'clock.
HARING.—On Friday, Dec. 1, CLINTON HARING, son of the late John S. Haring.
His friends, and the friends of the family, are invited to attend his funeral, from the R. D. Church, West 23d-st., near 7th-av., on Sunday, the 3d inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M.

¹ Personal communications from Firth Haring Fabend, emails of 31 October 2005 and subsequent.

² Carolyn G. Stifel, comp. "Deaths from the "Ladies Miscellany or the Weekly Visitor," issue of Saturday 15 September 1810, p. 333. *Record* 126 (2005) 1:30..

³ "Weekly Visitor" Saturday 29 September 1810, p. 336, p. 333. *Ibid.* 1:31..

The Fatal Shooting Affray Between Boys In Broadway.

CORONER'S INVESTIGATION—STATEMENT OF THE PRISONER.

Coroner RANNEY yesterday held an inquest at the New-York Hospital on the body of the boy, BENJAMIN H. COZINE, who was shot on Tuesday last at No. 212 Broadway, with a pistol in the hands of a law student named CLINTON HARRING, an account of which was published in the TIMES of yesterday.

There was considerable testimony taken in the case, all of which tended to show that the shooting was the result of accident, or carelessness, or both. The jury evidently took this view of the matter as appears from the following verdict: "We find that the deceased BENJAMIN H. COZINE, came to his death from a pistol shot wound carelessly inflicted at the hands of CLINTON HARRING on the 27th of September, 1864. We confidently believe there was no intention to kill on the part of the prisoner."

Deceased was 13 years of age and resided with his parents in Grand-street, near Bushwick-avenue, Brooklyn, E. D. Both deceased and HARRING were employed in law offices in the building No. 212 Broadway. So far as is now known, no one except these two were present when the shooting occurred. After the rendition of the verdict, yesterday, Coroner RANNEY interrogated HARRING, when the latter made the following statement: I left my office, yesterday, to get my dinner; as I was going out I saw deceased on the third step of the third flight; he asked me to show him my pistol, he at the same time leaning over the bannisters and holding his hand down to receive it; I took the pistol out of my pocket with my left hand, and while in the act of handing it up to him it went off and killed him; I did not know before this accident that the pistol would go off at half cocked; I was obliged to carry it so or else the hammer would rest on the cap, and a slight concussion on the hammer would explode the pistol; I bought the pistol last Monday a week ago, of MARION & BRAY, in Broadway, at about No. 260, to protect myself in traveling in the upper part of the City, at night, which I was frequently obliged to do in transacting business for my employers and others, for whom I serve papers after business hours, and in visiting my relations in Fifty-third-street and Third-avenue; I have frequently been pursued by suspicious characters in the upper part of the city in that neighborhood. Deceased and I were intimate friends.

(Signed,)

CLINTON HARRING.

The prisoner further stated that he is sixteen years old, was born in New-York, resided at No. 178 West Twenty-first-st., and is a law-student by occupation. The coroner held him to bail in the sum of \$1,000, to answer any indictment that may be found against him.

A lad named BENJAMINE COZINE, aged 13 years, employed in a law office at No. 212 Broadway, was shot on those premises yesterday with a pistol in the hands of another lad named CLINTON HARRING. The ball entered his forehead just over the right eye, inflicting a wound so serious that he died soon after at the New York Hospital. Deceased resided with his parents in Grand-street, Williamsburgh. HARRING was arrested by Officer SEAMEN, of the Broadway Squad, and locked up in the Tombs to await the inquest, which will be held by Coroner RANNEY to-day. HARRING is about 18 years of age. When asked how the affair happened, he stated that he did not know that the pistol was loaded when he pointed it toward deceased.

Above: New York Times, 28
September 1864,4.